

ATTACHMENT "A"

Current Ordinance Chapter 17.26 View Preservation;
Definitions Section 17.12.220 of the RHMC.

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Chapter 17.12 DEFINITIONS

Sections:

17.12.220 "V" words, terms and phrases.

17.12.005 Generally.

For the purpose of carrying out the intent of this title, the following words, terms, and phrases shall have the meaning ascribed to them in this chapter.

(Ord. 239 §11(part), 1993).

17.12.220 "V" words, terms and phrases.

"View" means a view from a principal residence and any immediately adjoining patio or deck area at the same elevation as the residence which consists of a visually impressive scene or vista not located in the immediate vicinity of the residence, such as a scene of the Pacific Ocean, off-shore islands, city lights of the Los Angeles basin, the Palos Verdes Hills or Los Angeles Harbor.

"View impairment" means a significant interference with and obstruction of a view by landscaping, trees or any other planted vegetation.

(Ord. 239 §11(part), 1993).

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Chapter 17.26 VIEW PRESERVATION

Sections:

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17.26.010 Intent and purpose.

The City recognizes the contribution of views to the overall character and beauty of the City. Panoramic views of the Pacific Ocean, Catalina Island, City lights and Los Angeles Harbor are a special quality of property ownership for many residential lots in the City. These views have the potential to be diminished or eliminated by maturing landscaping located on private property. The purpose of this chapter is to protect this important community asset by establishing procedures for the protection and abatement of view obstructions created by landscaping, while at the same time protecting natural vegetation from indiscriminate removal.

(Ord. 239 §11(part), 1993).

17.26.020 Committee on trees and views.

A Committee on Trees and Views is established for the purpose of administering the provisions of this chapter. The Committee shall be composed of three members of the Planning Commission appointed by the Commission annually at the same time as the Commission selects its officers, or whenever a vacancy occurs. Committee meetings shall be scheduled as adjourned or special meetings of the Commission. The Committee is authorized to consult with City officials and with specialists such as landscape architects and arborists as required, but shall not incur any expense on behalf of the City without prior approval of the City Council.

(Ord. 292 §4, 2003; Ord. 239 §11(part), 1993).

17.26.030 Desirable and undesirable trees.

The Committee is authorized and directed to prepare lists of types of desirable and undesirable trees for planting within the City. The list shall be based upon tree size and shape, rate of growth, depth of roots, fall rate of leaves or bark or fruit or branches, and other factors related to safety, maintenance and

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appearance. The purpose of this provision is to make information available to property owners which may serve to avoid future occasion for permits, complaints, and other proceedings authorized by this chapter.

(Ord. 239 §11(part), 1993).

17.26.040 Abatement of view impairment—Procedure.

Any person who owns or has lawful possession of a residence from which view is impaired by vegetation growing on property other than their own may seek abatement of the view impairment under the following procedure:

- A. **Application Required.** The complainant shall submit a complete application for abatement of view impairment on a form provided by the City. The application shall be accompanied by a fee as provided for in Section 17.30.030 of this title. The complainant shall describe in the application what efforts have been made by the complainant to resolve the view impairment prior to filing the complaint. A complaint shall not be accepted for filing unless the complainant can demonstrate that the owner of the view-impairing vegetation has been given notice of the impairment and a reasonable opportunity to abate it, but has refused to do so.
- B. **Mediation.** Upon receipt and acceptance of an application as complete, the City Manager shall refer the matter to a mediator for conduct of a mediation session to abate the view impairment. The mediator shall be responsible for notifying the property owner of the view-impairing vegetation of the application and for scheduling and managing the mediation process. If agreement is reached through mediation, it shall be implemented in accordance with Section 17.26.060.
- C. **Public Hearing.** In the event mediation fails to achieve agreement, the matter shall be returned to the City Manager, who shall schedule the matter for a public hearing before the Committee on Trees and Views.

(Ord. 292 §5, 2003; Ord. 239 §11(part), 1993).

17.26.050 Hearing procedure and findings.

- A. **Notice Required.** Public notice of the hearing shall be given a minimum of fifteen days prior to the hearing. The hearing shall not proceed unless proof is shown that the owner of the tree or other obstructing vegetation received notice of the hearing as provided herein:
 1. Notice shall be given by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the owner of the tree or other obstructing vegetation and to the complainant;
 2. Notice shall be given by first class mail to all property owners within one thousand feet of the exterior boundary of the property on which the tree or other obstructing vegetation are located and to other persons who, in the Committee's judgment, might be affected.
- B. **Content of Notice.** The notice shall state the name of the complaining party, the name of the property owner against whom the complaint is filed, the location of the tree or other vegetation, and the time and place of hearing. The notice shall invite written comments to be submitted prior to or at the hearing.
- C. **Conduct of Hearing.** The Committee shall adopt rules for the conduct of required hearings. At the hearing, the Committee shall consider all written and oral testimony and evidence presented in connection with the application. In the event the Committee requires expert advice in consideration of the matter, the cost of obtaining such evidence shall be borne by the complainant, pursuant to written agreement with the City.

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D. Findings. Based on the evidence received and considered, the Committee may find any of the following:

1. That no view exists within the meaning of this chapter;
2. That a view exists within the meaning of this chapter, but that the view is not significantly impaired; or
3. That a view exists within the meaning of this chapter and that it is significantly impaired.

The Committee shall make specific written findings in support of the foregoing determinations.

- E. Action. If the Committee makes finding subsection (D)(3) of this section, it shall order such restorative action as is necessary to abate the view impairment and to restore the complainant's view, including, but not limited to, removal, pruning, topping, thinning or similar alteration of the vegetation. Such order is not intended to create an unobstructed view for applicants. Instead it is intended to create view corridors and a view through trees. The Committee may impose conditions as are necessary to prevent future view impairments. In no event shall restorative action be required if such action would adversely affect the environment or would unreasonably detract from the privacy or enjoyment of the property on which the objectionable vegetation is located.
- F. Finality of Decision. The Committee's decision shall be final twenty days after adoption of its written findings, unless it is appealed to the City Council pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 17.54.

(Ord. 295 §7 (Exh. B (part)), 2004; Ord. 239 §11(part), 1993)

(Ord. No. 333 (Measure B), 3-18-2013)

17.26.060 Implementation of restorative action.

- A. Within thirty days of a final decision ordering restorative action, the complainant shall obtain and present to the owner of the obstructing vegetation three bids from licensed and qualified contractors for performance of the work, as well as a cash deposit in the amount of the lowest bid. In order to qualify, the contractors must provide insurance which protects and indemnifies the City and the complainant from damages attributable to negligent or wrongful performance of the work. Any such insurance shall be subject to the approval of the City.
- B. The owner of the obstructing vegetation may select any licensed and qualified contractor to perform the restorative action (as long as the insurance requirements of subsection A of this section are satisfied), but shall be responsible for any cost above the amount of the cash deposit. The work shall be completed no more than thirty days from receipt of the cash deposit.
- C. Subsequent maintenance of the vegetation in question shall be performed as prescribed by the Committee's final decision at the cost and expense of the owner of the property on which the vegetation is growing. The vegetation shall be maintained in accordance with the final decision so as not to allow for future view impairments. A notice of the decision shall be recorded against the title of the property and shall run with the land, thereby giving notice of this obligation to all future owners.
- D. The implementation method provided for in this section may be modified by the parties or in any final decision if grounds exist to justify such a modification. In particular, the Committee may allocate the cost of restorative action as follows:
1. If the Committee finds that the tree or other vegetation constitutes a safety hazard to the complainant or his property, and is being maintained by the owner in disregard of the safety of others, the owner may be required to pay one hundred percent of the cost of correction; or
 2. If the owner is maintaining a hedge fifteen feet or more in height, the Committee may allocate the cost of correction to the property owner, provided that the owner of the land on which the hedge exists shall not be required to pay more than twenty-five percent of the cost of such correction.

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(Ord. 239 §11(part), 1993).

17.26.070 Enforcement.

- A. Failure or refusal of any person to comply with a final decision under this chapter or to comply with any provision of this chapter shall constitute a misdemeanor and shall be punishable by a fine of one thousand dollars or six months in County Jail, or both. Failure or refusal of any person to comply with a final decision under this chapter shall further constitute a public nuisance which may be abated in accordance with the procedure contained in Chapter 8.24.
- B. A final decision rendered under this chapter may be enforced civilly by way of action for injunctive or other appropriate relief, in which event the prevailing party may be awarded attorney's fees and costs as determined by the court.
- C. Nothing in this chapter shall preclude the prosecution of any civil cause of action under the law by any person with respect to the matters covered herein.

(Ord. 239 §11(part), 1993).

17.26.080 Notification of subsequent owners.

The owner on whose property the offending vegetation exists shall notify all successor owners of the final decision in any proceeding under this chapter, and such decision shall be binding upon all such successors in interest. Within thirty days of the final decision, an informational covenant shall be recorded against the title of the property on a form provided by the City.

(Ord. 239 §11(part), 1993).

17.26.090 Preservation of views defined.

Notwithstanding any other provision of Chapter 17.26.010 to 17.26.080 inclusive, the following provision shall apply and supersede in priority any other provision.

- 1. A view is defined in Chapter [Section] 17.12.220 and only applies to that view existing from the date any current owner of a property in the City of Rolling actually acquired the property.
- 2. Chapter [Section] 17.26.010 provides that the intent of the Ordinance is to protect views from "maturing" vegetation. As such, in addition to the limitations otherwise set forth in Chapter 17.26, including but limited to this Section 17.26.090, any vegetation which is already mature at the time any party claiming a view impairment actually acquired the property shall be exempt from Chapter 17.26. "Mature" versus "Maturing" shall be defined by industry standards predominantly accepted by arborists.
- 3. The burden of proof to show that any view is impaired shall be upon the party claiming such impairment, and the standard shall be by "clear and convincing evidence". Evidence shall be weighted in the following order of priority:
 - a. Photographs;
 - b. Expert testimony; and lastly
 - c. Other evidence.

(Ord. No. 333 (Measure B), 3-18-2013)

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Editor's note— Ord. No. 333 (Measure B) which added the provisions set out herein, was adopted March 18, 2013, as a result of a vote of the electorate and thus cannot be changed except by another vote. Said ordinance states, "This Section 17.26.090 shall be effective retroactively to the date Chapter 17.26 was first made an Ordinance to the City of Rolling Hills."

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